











SN74LVC1G139

SCES602E -AUGUST 2004-REVISED JANUARY 2018

SN74LVC1G139 2-to-4 Line Decoder

Features

- Available in the Texas Instruments NanoStar[™] and NanoFree[™] Packages
- Supports 5-V V_{CC} Operation
- Inputs Accept Voltages to 5.5 V
- Supports Down Translation to V_{CC}
- Maximum t_{pd} of 4.9 ns at 3.3 V and 15 pF
- Low Power Consumption, 10-µA Maximum I_{CC}
- ±24-mA Output Drive at 3.3 V
- Ioff Supports Live Insertion, Partial-Power-Down Mode, and Back-Drive Protection
- Latch-Up Performance Exceeds 100 mA Per JESD 78, Class II
- **ESD Protection Exceeds JESD22**
 - 2000-V Human-Body Model (A114-A)
 - 200-V Machine Model (A115-A)
 - 1000-V Charged-Device Model (C101)

2 Applications

AV Receivers

Solid State Drives (SSDs): Client and Enterprise

TVs: LCD, Digital, and High-Definition (HD)

Tablets: Enterprise Video Analytics: Server

3 Description

This SN74LVC1G139 2-to-4 line decoder is designed for 1.65-V to 5.5-V V_{CC} operation.

The SN74LVC1G139 2-line to 4-line decoder is designed to be used in high-performance memorydecoding or data-routing applications requiring very short propagation delay times. In high-performance memory systems, this decoder can be used to minimize the effects of system decoding. When used with high-speed memories using a fast enable circuit, the delay times of these decoders and the enable time of the memory usually are less than the typical access time of the memory. This means that the effective system delay introduced by the decoder is negligible.

NanoStar and NanoFree package technology is a major breakthrough in device packaging concepts, using the die as the package.

This device is fully specified for partial-power-down applications using I_{off} . The I_{off} circuitry disables the outputs, preventing damaging current backflow through the device when it is powered down.

Device Information⁽¹⁾

PART NUMBER	PACKAGE	BODY SIZE (NOM)
SN74LVC1G139DCT	SM8 (8)	2.95 mm × 2.80 mm
SN74LVC1G139DCU	VSSOP (8)	2.30 mm × 2.00 mm
SN74LVC1G139YZP	DSBGA (8)	1.91 mm × 0.91 mm

(1) For all available packages, see the orderable addendum at the end of the datasheet.

Simplified Schematic

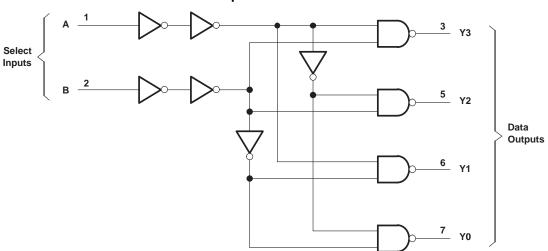




Table of Contents

1	Features 1		9.2 Functional Block Diagram	10
2	Applications 1		9.3 Feature Description	10
3	Description 1		9.4 Device Functional Modes	10
4	Revision History2	10	Application and Implementation	11
5	Pin Configuration and Functions3		10.1 Application Information	11
6	Specification4		10.2 Typical Application	11
٠	6.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings	11	Power Supply Recommendations	12
	6.2 ESD Ratings	12	Layout	12
	6.3 Recommended Operating Conditions		12.1 Layout Guidelines	12
	6.4 Thermal Information		12.2 Layout Example	12
	6.5 Electrical Characteristics 6	13	Device and Documentation Support	13
	6.6 Switching Characteristics		13.1 Documentation Support	
	6.7 Operating Characteristics		13.2 Community Resources	
7	Typical Characteristics 7		13.3 Trademarks	13
8	Parameter Measurement Information		13.4 Electrostatic Discharge Caution	13
9			13.5 Glossary	
9	Detailed Description 10 9.1 Overview 10	14	Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information	

4 Revision History

NOTE: Page numbers for previous revisions may differ from page numbers in the current version.

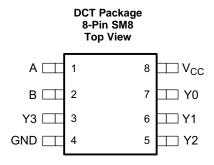
Changes from Revision D (February 2014) to Revision E					
•	Updated the YZP package drawing	3			
Ch	anges from Revision C (December 2005) to Revision D	Page			
•	Added Applications section, Device Information table, ESD Ratings table, Thermal Information table, Typical Characteristics section, Feature Description section, Device Functional Modes, Application and Implementation section, Power Supply Recommendations section, Layout section, Device and Documentation Support section, and Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information section				
Ch	anges from Revision B (December 2005) to Revision C	Page			
•	Updated document to new TI data sheet format.				
•	Updated Features.	1			
•	Removed Ordering Information table	1			

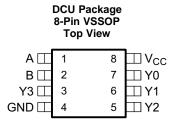
Submit Documentation Feedback

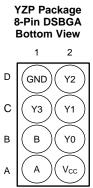
Copyright © 2004–2018, Texas Instruments Incorporated



5 Pin Configuration and Functions







Pin Functions

	PIN		1/0	DECODIFICAL	
NAME	DCT, DCU	YZP	I/O	DESCRIPTION	
Α	1	A1	I	Adress input, bit 0	
В	2	B1	1	Adress input, bit 1	
Y ₃	3	C1	0	Output 3, low when B is high and A is high	
GND	4	D1	_	Ground	
Y ₂	5	D2	0	Output 2, low when B is high and A is low	
Y ₁	6	C2	0	Output 1, low when B is low and A is high	
Y ₀	7	B2	0	Output 0, low when B is low and A is low	
V _{CC}	8	A2	_	Power pin	



6 Specification

6.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)⁽¹⁾

		MIN	MAX	UNIT
Supply Voltage, V _{CC}		-0.5	6.5	V
Input Voltage, V _I		-0.5	6.5	V
Voltage applied to any output in the high-impedance	or power-off state, V _O ⁽²⁾	-0.5	6.5	V
Voltage applied to any output in the high or low state	-0.5	V _{CC} + 0.5	V	
Input clamp current, I _{IK}	V _I < 0		-50	mA
Output clamp current, I _{OK}	V _O < 0		-50	mA
Continuous output current, I _O			±50	mA
Continuous current through V _{CC} or GND, I _{CC}		±100	mA	
Junction temperature, T _J			150	°C
Storage temperature, T _{stg}			150	°C

⁽¹⁾ Stresses beyond those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under Recommended Operating Conditions is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

6.2 ESD Ratings

			VALUE	UNIT
		Human body model (HBM), per ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001 (1)	±2500	
V _(ESD)	Electrostatic discharge	Charged-device model (CDM), per JEDEC specification JESD22-C101 ⁽²⁾	±1500	V
		Machine model	±200	

⁽¹⁾ JEDEC document JEP155 states that 500-V HBM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.

(2) JEDEC document JEP157 states that 250-V CDM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.

Submit Documentation Feedback

⁽²⁾ The input and output negative-voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output current ratings are observed.

⁽³⁾ The value of V_{CC} is provided in the *Recommended Operating Conditions* table.



6.3 Recommended Operating Conditions

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted) (1)

			MIN	MAX	UNIT	
.,	Cumply walte as	Operating	1.65	5.5	V	
V _{CC}	Supply voltage	Data retention only	1.5		V	
		V _{CC} = 1.65 V to 1.95 V	0.65 × V _{CC}			
.,	I Park James Computer of Name	V _{CC} = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	1.7		V	
V_{IH}	High-level input voltage	V _{CC} = 3 V to 3.6 V	2		V	
		V _{CC} = 4.5 V to 5.5 V	0.7 × V _{CC}			
		V _{CC} = 1.65 V to 1.95 V		0.35 × V _{CC}		
.,	Lave lavel Secret rights as	V _{CC} = 2.3 V to 2.7 V		0.7	.,	
V_{IL}	Low-level input voltage	V _{CC} = 3 V to 3.6 V		0.8	V	
		V _{CC} = 4.5 V to 5.5 V		$0.3 \times V_{CC}$		
VI	Input voltage	•	0	5.5	V	
Vo	Output voltage		0	V _{CC}	V	
		V _{CC} = 1.65 V		-4		
	High-level output current	V _{CC} = 2.3 V		-8		
I _{OH}		V 2V		-16	mA	
		$V_{CC} = 3 V$		-24		
		V _{CC} = 4.5 V		-32	1	
		V _{CC} = 1.65 V		4		
		V _{CC} = 2.3 V		8		
I_{OL}	Low-level output current	V 2.V		16	mA	
		V _{CC} = 3 V		24		
		V _{CC} = 4.5 V		32		
		$V_{CC} = 1.8 \text{ V} \pm 0.15 \text{ V}, 2.5 \text{ V} \pm 0.2 \text{ V}$		20		
Δt/Δν	Input transition rise or fall rate	$V_{CC} = 3.3 \text{ V} \pm 0.3 \text{ V}$		15	ns/V	
		$V_{CC} = 5 \text{ V} \pm 0.5 \text{ V}$		10		
T _A	Operating free-air temperature	<u>.</u>	-40	85	°C	

⁽¹⁾ All unused inputs of the device must be held at V_{CC} or GND to ensure proper device operation. See the *Implications of Slow or Floating CMOS Inputs* application report.

6.4 Thermal Information

			SN74LVC1G139			
	THERMAL METRIC ⁽¹⁾	DCT (SM8)	DCU (VSSOP)	YZP (DSBGA)	UNIT	
		8 PINS	8 PINS	8 PINS		
$R_{\theta JA}$	Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance	194	195	106	°C/W	
$R_{\theta JC(top)}$	Junction-to-case (top) thermal resistance	124	74	1.6	°C/W	
$R_{\theta JB}$	Junction-to-board thermal resistance	106	74	11	°C/W	
ΨЈТ	Junction-to-top characterization parameter	48	6.7	3.1	°C/W	
ΨЈВ	Junction-to-board characterization parameter	105	73	11	°C/W	
$R_{\theta JC(bot)}$	Junction-to-case (bottom) thermal resistance	_	_	_	°C/W	

For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the Semiconductor and IC Package Thermal Metrics application report.



6.5 Electrical Characteristics

over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

ı	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP ⁽¹⁾	MAX	UNIT	
		$I_{OH} = -100 \mu A$, $V_{CC} = 1.65 \text{ V}$ to 5.5 V	V _{CC} - 0.1				
		$I_{OH} = -4 \text{ mA}, V_{CC} = 1.65 \text{ V}$	1.2				
	High-level output	$I_{OH} = -8 \text{ mA}, V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V}$	1.9			V	
V _{OH}	voltage	$I_{OH} = -16 \text{ mA}, V_{CC} = 3 \text{ V}$	2.4			V	
		$I_{OH} = -24$ mA, $V_{CC} = 3$ V	2.3				
		$I_{OH} = -32 \text{ mA}, V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}$	3.8				
		$I_{OL} = 100 \mu A$, $V_{CC} = 1.65 V$ to 5.5 V			0.1		
	Low-level output voltage	I _{OL} = 4 mA, V _{CC} = 1.65 V			0.45	·	
.,		$I_{OL} = 8 \text{ mA}, V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V}$			0.3	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	
V _{OL}		I_{OL} = 16 mA, V_{CC} = 3 V			0.4	V	
		I_{OL} = 24 mA, V_{CC} = 3 V			0.55	·	
		$I_{OL} = 32 \text{ mA}, V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}$			0.55		
II	Inflection-point current	A or B inputs: $V_1 = 5.5 \text{ V or GND}, V_{CC} = 0 \text{ to } 5.5 \text{ V}$			±1	μΑ	
I _{off}	Off-state current	V_{I} or $V_{O} = 5.5 \text{ V}, V_{CC} = 0$			±5	μΑ	
I_{CC}	Supply current	$V_I = 5.5 \text{ V or GND}, I_O = 0, V_{CC} = 1.65 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V}$			10	μΑ	
ΔI_{CC}	Supply current change	One input at $V_{CC} - 0.6 \text{ V}$, other inputs at V_{CC} or GND, V_{CC} = 3 V to 5.5 V			500	μΑ	
Ci	Input capacitance	$V_I = V_{CC}$ or GND, $V_{CC} = 3.3 \text{ V}$		4		pF	

⁽¹⁾ All typical values are at V_{CC} = 3.3 V, T_A = 25°C.

6.6 Switching Characteristics

over recommended operating free-air temperature range, C_L = 15 pF (unless otherwise noted)

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS			MIN	MAX	UNIT
				$V_{CC} = 1.8 \text{ V} \pm 0.15 \text{ V}$	2.7	15.3	ns
		A or B-to-Y	See Table 2	$V_{CC} = 2.5 \text{ V} \pm 0.2 \text{ V}$	1.5	7.5	
				$V_{CC} = 3.3 \text{ V} \pm 0.3 \text{ V}$	0.9	4.9	
	Propagation delay time			$V_{CC} = 5 V \pm 0.5 V$	0.8	3.6	
t _{pd}				$V_{CC} = 1.8 \text{ V} \pm 0.15 \text{ V}$	3	16.7	
			Con Toble 2	$V_{CC} = 2.5 \text{ V} \pm 0.2 \text{ V}$	1.6	8.2	
			See Table 3	$V_{CC} = 3.3 \text{ V} \pm 0.3 \text{ V}$	1.2	5.9	
				$V_{CC} = 5 \text{ V} \pm 0.5 \text{ V}$	1.1	4.2	

6.7 Operating Characteristics

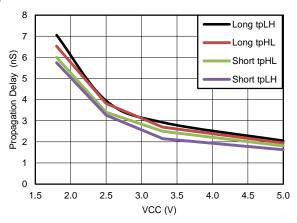
 $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$

	PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
			V _{CC} = 1.8 V		31		
c (1)	Power dissipation	f 10 MHz	V _{CC} = 2.5 V		34		~F
C _{pd} ⁽¹⁾	capacitance	f = 10 MHz	V _{CC} = 3.3 V		36		pF
			V _{CC} = 5 V		39		

(1) Two outputs switching.



7 Typical Characteristics



(1) Short is 2 inverter path. Long is 3 inverter path.

Figure 1. Propagation Delay vs VCC

Submit Documentation Feedback



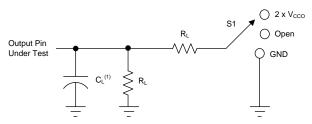
8 Parameter Measurement Information

Unless otherwise noted, all input pulses are supplied by generators that have the following characteristics:

- PRR ≤ 10 MHz
- $Z_{\rm O} = 50~\Omega$

NOTE

All parameters and waveforms are not applicable to all devices.



(1) C_L includes probe and jig capacitance.

Figure 2. Load Circuit

Table 1. Loading Conditions for Parameter

TEST	S 1
t _{PLH} ⁽¹⁾ , t _{PHL} ⁽¹⁾	Open
$t_{PLZ}^{(2)},t_{PZL}^{(3)}$	V_{LOAD}
t _{PHZ} ⁽²⁾ , t _{PZH} ⁽³⁾	GND

- (1) t_{PLH} and t_{PHL} are the same as t_{pd} .
- (2) t_{PLZ} and t_{PHZ} are the same as t_{dis}.
 (3) t_{PZL} and t_{PZH} are the same as t_{en}.

Table 2. Loading Conditions for V_{CC} – Case 1

V	INP	UTS	V	V		В	v	
V _{CC}	V _{CC} V _I t _r /t _f		V _M	V _{LOAD}	C _L	R _L	V_{Δ}	
1.8 V ± 0.15 V	V _{CC}	≤ 2 ns	V _{CC} / 2	2 × V _{CC}	15 pF	1 ΜΩ	0.15 V	
2.5 V ± 0.2 V	V _{CC}	≤ 2 ns	V _{CC} / 2	2 × V _{CC}	15 pF	1 ΜΩ	0.15 V	
3.3 V ± 0.3 V	3 V	≤ 2.5 ns	1.5 V	6 V	15 pF	1 ΜΩ	0.3 V	
5 V ± 0.5 V	V _{CC}	≤ 2.5 ns	V _{CC} / 2	2 × V _{CC}	15 pF	1 ΜΩ	0.3 V	

Table 3. Loading Conditions for V_{CC} – Case 2

V	INP	UTS	V	V	C	В	V
VCC	V _{CC} V _I t _r /t _f		V _M	V _{LOAD}	CL	R_L	V_{Δ}
1.8 V ± 0.15 V	V_{CC}	≤ 2 ns	V _{CC} / 2	2 × V _{CC}	30 pF	1 ΜΩ	0.15 V
2.5 V ± 0.2 V	V_{CC}	≤ 2 ns	V _{CC} / 2	2 × V _{CC}	30 pF	500 MΩ	0.15 V
3.3 V ± 0.3 V	3 V	≤ 2.5 ns	1.5 V	6 V	30 pF	500 MΩ	0.3 V
5 V ± 0.5 V	V_{CC}	≤ 2.5 ns	V _{CC} / 2	2 × V _{CC}	30 pF	500 MΩ	0.3 V



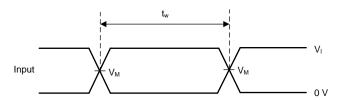
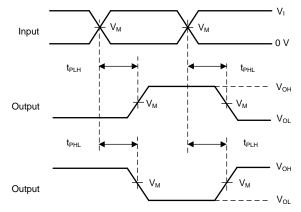


Figure 3. Voltage Waveforms: Pulse Duration



(1) The outputs are measured one at a time, with one transition per measurement.

Figure 4. Voltage Waveforms: Propagation Delay Times Inverting And Noninverting Outputs

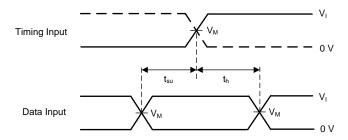
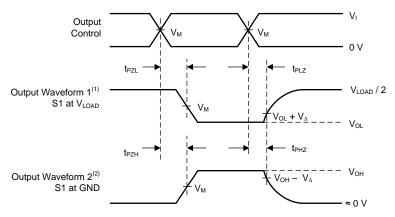


Figure 5. Voltage Waveforms: Setup and Hold Times



- (1) Waveform 1 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is low, except when disabled by the output control.
- (2) Waveform 2 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is high, except when disabled by the output control.
- (3) The outputs are measured one at a time, with one transition per measurement.

Figure 6. Voltage Waveforms: Enable and Disable Times, Low- and High-Level Enabling

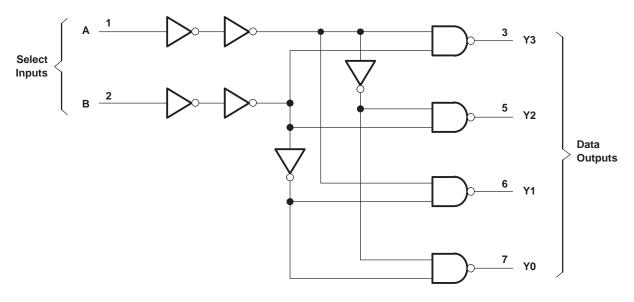


9 Detailed Description

9.1 Overview

The LVC1G139 device decodes the 2-bit input to one of the four outputs. The B input is the most significant bit and the Y outputs are active low. The propagation delays are very short and well matched (see Figure 1). Supply voltage from 1.65-V to 5.5-V is supported.

9.2 Functional Block Diagram



9.3 Feature Description

NanoStar and NanoFree package technology is a major breakthrough in device packaging concepts, using the die as the package.

This device is fully specified for partial-power-down applications using I_{off} . The I_{off} circuitry disables the outputs, preventing damaging current backflow through the device when it is powered down.

9.4 Device Functional Modes

Table 4 lists the functional modes of the SN74LVC1G139 device.

Table 4. Function Table

INP	UTS	OUTPUTS					
В	Α	Y ₀	Y ₁	Y ₂	Y ₃		
L	L	L	Н	Н	Н		
L	Н	Н	L	Н	Н		
Н	L	Н	Н	L	Н		
Н	Н	Н	Н	Н	L		

Submit Documentation Feedback



10 Application and Implementation

NOTE

Information in the following applications sections is not part of the TI component specification, and TI does not warrant its accuracy or completeness. TI's customers are responsible for determining suitability of components for their purposes. Customers should validate and test their design implementation to confirm system functionality.

10.1 Application Information

The SN74LVC1G139 device is a 2-of-4 decoder and demultiplexer. This device decodes the 2-bit address on inputs A (bit 0) and B (bit 1) then provides a logic low on the matching address output. It can produce 24 mA of drive current at 3.3 V, making it ideal for driving multiple outputs.

10.2 Typical Application

This is an address line decoder using a 16-bit bus example; address bus lines 14 and 15 are decoded and drive four active low chip selects. Each output covers 16K address space mapped by the address bus lines 0 through 13

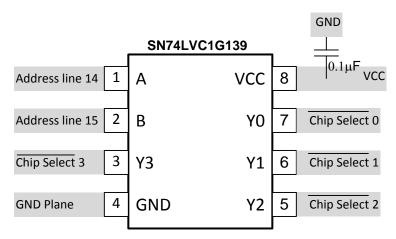


Figure 7. Typical Application Diagram

10.2.1 Design Requirements

This device uses CMOS technology and has balanced output drive. Take care to avoid bus contention because it can drive currents that would exceed maximum limits. Outputs can be combined to produce higher drive but the high drive will also create faster edges into light loads so routing and load conditions should be considered to prevent ringing.

10.2.2 Detailed Design Procedure

- 1. Recommended Input Conditions:
 - Rise time and fall time specifications ($\Delta t/\Delta V$) are shown in the Recommended Operating Conditions table.
 - Specified high (V_{IH}) and low voltage (V_{IL}) levels are shown in the Recommended Operating Conditions
 table.
 - Inputs are overvoltage tolerant allowing them to go as high as 5.5 V at any valid V_{CC} .
- 2. Recommend Output Conditions:
 - Load currents should not exceed 50 mA per output and 100 mA total for the part.
 - Series resistors on the output may be used if the user desires to slow the output edge signal or limit the output current.



Typical Application (continued)

10.2.3 Application Curve

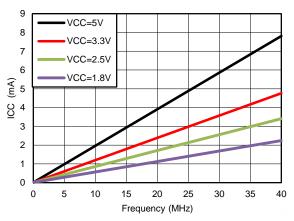


Figure 8. I_{CC} vs Frequency Load is 15 pF

11 Power Supply Recommendations

The power supply can be any voltage between the minimum and maximum supply voltage rating located in the *Recommended Operating Conditions* table.

Each V_{CC} terminal should have a good bypass capacitor to prevent power disturbance. For devices with a single supply, a 0.1- μF capacitor is recommended. If there are multiple V_{CC} terminals, then 0.01- μF or 0.022- μF capacitors are recommended for each power terminal. Parallel multiple bypass capacitors are allowed to reject different frequencies of noise. Multiple bypass capacitors may be paralleled to reject different frequencies of noise. The bypass capacitor must be installed as close to the power terminal as possible for the best results.

12 Layout

12.1 Layout Guidelines

When using multiple bit logic devices, inputs should not float. In many cases, functions or parts of functions of digital logic devices are unused. Some examples are when only two inputs of a triple-input AND gate are used, or when only 3 of the 4-buffer gates are used. Such input pins should not be left unconnected because the undefined voltages at the outside connections result in undefined operational states.

Specified in Figure 9 are rules that must be observed under all circumstances. All unused inputs of digital logic devices must be connected to a high or low bias to prevent them from floating. The logic level that should be applied to any particular unused input depends on the function of the device. Generally they will be tied to GND or V_{CC}, whichever makes more sense or is more convenient.

12.2 Layout Example



Figure 9. Layout Diagram



13 Device and Documentation Support

13.1 Documentation Support

13.1.1 Related Documentation

For related documentation, see the following:

Texas Instruments, Implications of Slow or Floating CMOS Inputs application report

13.2 Community Resources

The following links connect to TI community resources. Linked contents are provided "AS IS" by the respective contributors. They do not constitute TI specifications and do not necessarily reflect TI's views; see TI's Terms of

TI E2E™ Online Community TI's Engineer-to-Engineer (E2E) Community. Created to foster collaboration among engineers. At e2e.ti.com, you can ask questions, share knowledge, explore ideas and help solve problems with fellow engineers.

Design Support TI's Design Support Quickly find helpful E2E forums along with design support tools and contact information for technical support.

13.3 Trademarks

NanoStar, NanoFree, E2E are trademarks of Texas Instruments. All other trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

13.4 Electrostatic Discharge Caution



These devices have limited built-in ESD protection. The leads should be shorted together or the device placed in conductive foam during storage or handling to prevent electrostatic damage to the MOS gates.

13.5 Glossary

SLYZ022 — TI Glossary.

This glossary lists and explains terms, acronyms, and definitions.

Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information

The following pages include mechanical, packaging, and orderable information. This information is the most current data available for the designated devices. This data is subject to change without notice and revision of this document. For browser-based versions of this data sheet, refer to the left-hand navigation.

www.ti.com 8-Oct-2024

PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable Device	Status (1)	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan	Lead finish/ Ball material	MSL Peak Temp	Op Temp (°C)	Device Marking (4/5)	Samples
74LVC1G139DCTRE4	ACTIVE	SSOP	DCT	8	3000	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	C39 (R, Z)	Samples
74LVC1G139DCUTG4	ACTIVE	VSSOP	DCU	8	250	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	C39R	Samples
SN74LVC1G139DCTR	ACTIVE	SSOP	DCT	8	3000	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU SN	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	(2WB5, C39) (R, Z)	Samples
SN74LVC1G139DCTT	ACTIVE	SSOP	DCT	8	250	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU SN	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	(2WB5, C39) (R, Z)	Samples
SN74LVC1G139DCUR	ACTIVE	VSSOP	DCU	8	3000	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU SN	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	(C39J, C39Q, C39R)	Samples
SN74LVC1G139DCUT	ACTIVE	VSSOP	DCU	8	250	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU SN	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	(C39J, C39Q, C39R)	Samples
SN74LVC1G139YZPR	ACTIVE	DSBGA	YZP	8	3000	RoHS & Green	SNAGCU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	DFN	Samples

⁽¹⁾ The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

OBSOLETE: TI has discontinued the production of the device.

(2) RoHS: TI defines "RoHS" to mean semiconductor products that are compliant with the current EU RoHS requirements for all 10 RoHS substances, including the requirement that RoHS substance do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, "RoHS" products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes. TI may reference these types of products as "Pb-Free".

RoHS Exempt: TI defines "RoHS Exempt" to mean products that contain lead but are compliant with EU RoHS pursuant to a specific EU RoHS exemption.

Green: TI defines "Green" to mean the content of Chlorine (CI) and Bromine (Br) based flame retardants meet JS709B low halogen requirements of <=1000ppm threshold. Antimony trioxide based flame retardants must also meet the <=1000ppm threshold requirement.

⁽³⁾ MSL, Peak Temp. - The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

⁽⁴⁾ There may be additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category on the device.

⁽⁵⁾ Multiple Device Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Device Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Device Marking for that device.



PACKAGE OPTION ADDENDUM

www.ti.com 8-Oct-2024

(6) Lead finish/Ball material - Orderable Devices may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead finish/Ball material values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

Important Information and Disclaimer: The information provided on this page represents TI's knowledge and belief as of the date that it is provided. TI bases its knowledge and belief on information provided by third parties, and makes no representation or warranty as to the accuracy of such information. Efforts are underway to better integrate information from third parties. TI has taken and continues to take reasonable steps to provide representative and accurate information but may not have conducted destructive testing or chemical analysis on incoming materials and chemicals. TI and TI suppliers consider certain information to be proprietary, and thus CAS numbers and other limited information may not be available for release.

In no event shall TI's liability arising out of such information exceed the total purchase price of the TI part(s) at issue in this document sold by TI to Customer on an annual basis.

PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

www.ti.com 8-Oct-2024

TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION



TAPE DIMENSIONS + K0 - P1 - B0 W Cavity - A0 -

A0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component width
В0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component length
K0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component thickness
W	Overall width of the carrier tape
P1	Pitch between successive cavity centers

QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE



*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing		SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
74LVC1G139DCUTG4	VSSOP	DCU	8	250	180.0	8.4	2.25	3.35	1.05	4.0	8.0	Q3
SN74LVC1G139DCTR	SSOP	DCT	8	3000	180.0	12.4	3.15	4.35	1.55	4.0	12.0	Q3
SN74LVC1G139DCTT	SSOP	DCT	8	250	180.0	12.4	3.15	4.35	1.55	4.0	12.0	Q3
SN74LVC1G139DCUR	VSSOP	DCU	8	3000	178.0	9.0	2.25	3.35	1.05	4.0	8.0	Q3
SN74LVC1G139DCUT	VSSOP	DCU	8	250	178.0	9.0	2.25	3.35	1.05	4.0	8.0	Q3
SN74LVC1G139DCUT	VSSOP	DCU	8	250	178.0	9.5	2.25	3.35	1.05	4.0	8.0	Q3
SN74LVC1G139YZPR	DSBGA	YZP	8	3000	178.0	9.2	1.02	2.02	0.63	4.0	8.0	Q1



www.ti.com 8-Oct-2024



*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
74LVC1G139DCUTG4	VSSOP	DCU	8	250	202.0	201.0	28.0
SN74LVC1G139DCTR	SSOP	DCT	8	3000	190.0	190.0	30.0
SN74LVC1G139DCTT	SSOP	DCT	8	250	190.0	190.0	30.0
SN74LVC1G139DCUR	VSSOP	DCU	8	3000	180.0	180.0	18.0
SN74LVC1G139DCUT	VSSOP	DCU	8	250	180.0	180.0	18.0
SN74LVC1G139DCUT	VSSOP	DCU	8	250	202.0	201.0	28.0
SN74LVC1G139YZPR	DSBGA	YZP	8	3000	220.0	220.0	35.0





NOTES:

- 1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.

 2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.

 3. This dimension does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not
- exceed 0.15 mm per side.
 4. Reference JEDEC registration MO-187 variation CA.





NOTES: (continued)

- 5. Publication IPC-7351 may have alternate designs.
- 6. Solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads can vary based on board fabrication site.





NOTES: (continued)

- 7. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.
- 8. Board assembly site may have different recommendations for stencil design.







NOTES:

- 1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.

 2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.

 3. This dimension does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not
- exceed 0.15 mm per side.
- 4. This dimension does not include interlead flash. Interlead flash shall not exceed 0.25 mm per side.





NOTES: (continued)

5. Publication IPC-7351 may have alternate designs.6. Solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads can vary based on board fabrication site.





NOTES: (continued)

- 7. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.
- 8. Board assembly site may have different recommendations for stencil design.





DIE SIZE BALL GRID ARRAY



NOTES:

- All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.
- 2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.



DIE SIZE BALL GRID ARRAY



NOTES: (continued)

3. Final dimensions may vary due to manufacturing tolerance considerations and also routing constraints. For more information, see Texas Instruments literature number SNVA009 (www.ti.com/lit/snva009).



DIE SIZE BALL GRID ARRAY



NOTES: (continued)

4. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release.



IMPORTANT NOTICE AND DISCLAIMER

TI PROVIDES TECHNICAL AND RELIABILITY DATA (INCLUDING DATA SHEETS), DESIGN RESOURCES (INCLUDING REFERENCE DESIGNS), APPLICATION OR OTHER DESIGN ADVICE, WEB TOOLS, SAFETY INFORMATION, AND OTHER RESOURCES "AS IS" AND WITH ALL FAULTS, AND DISCLAIMS ALL WARRANTIES, EXPRESS AND IMPLIED, INCLUDING WITHOUT LIMITATION ANY IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY, FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE OR NON-INFRINGEMENT OF THIRD PARTY INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS.

These resources are intended for skilled developers designing with TI products. You are solely responsible for (1) selecting the appropriate TI products for your application, (2) designing, validating and testing your application, and (3) ensuring your application meets applicable standards, and any other safety, security, regulatory or other requirements.

These resources are subject to change without notice. TI grants you permission to use these resources only for development of an application that uses the TI products described in the resource. Other reproduction and display of these resources is prohibited. No license is granted to any other TI intellectual property right or to any third party intellectual property right. TI disclaims responsibility for, and you will fully indemnify TI and its representatives against, any claims, damages, costs, losses, and liabilities arising out of your use of these resources.

TI's products are provided subject to TI's Terms of Sale or other applicable terms available either on ti.com or provided in conjunction with such TI products. TI's provision of these resources does not expand or otherwise alter TI's applicable warranties or warranty disclaimers for TI products.

TI objects to and rejects any additional or different terms you may have proposed.

Mailing Address: Texas Instruments, Post Office Box 655303, Dallas, Texas 75265 Copyright © 2024, Texas Instruments Incorporated