SN54HC163 . . . J OR W PACKAGE SN74HC163 . . . D, DB, N, NS, OR PW PACKAGE

(TOP VIEW)

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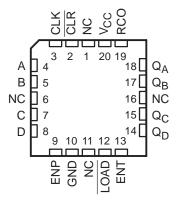
- Wide Operating Voltage Range of 2 V to 6 V
- Outputs Can Drive Up To 10 LSTTL Loads
- Low Power Consumption, 80-μA Max I<sub>CC</sub>
- Typical t<sub>pd</sub> = 14 ns
- ±4-mA Output Drive at 5 V
- Low Input Current of 1 μA Max
- Internal Look-Ahead for Fast Counting
- Carry Output for n-Bit Cascading
- Synchronous Counting
- Synchronously Programmable

#### description/ordering information

These synchronous, presettable counters feature an internal carry look-ahead for application in high-speed counting designs. The 'HC163 devices are 4-bit binary counters. Synchronous operation is provided by having all flip-flops clocked simultaneously so that the outputs change coincident with each other when instructed by the count-enable (ENP, ENT) inputs and internal gating. This mode of operation eliminates the output counting spikes normally associated with synchronous (ripple-clock) counters. A buffered clock (CLK) input triggers the four flip-flops on the rising (positive-going) edge of the clock waveform.

	•		
CLR CLK CLK C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C	2	16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9	V <sub>CC</sub> RCO Q <sub>A</sub> Q <sub>B</sub> Q <sub>C</sub> Q <sub>D</sub> ENT LOAD

SN54HC163 . . . FK PACKAGE (TOP VIEW)



NC - No internal connection

	•			
Τ <sub>Α</sub>	PACKA	GEŤ	ORDERABLE PART NUMBER	TOP-SIDE MARKING
	PDIP – N	Tube of 25	SN74HC163N	SN74HC163N
		Tube of 40	SN74HC163D	
	SOIC – D	Reel of 2500	SN74HC163DR	HC163
–40°C to 85°C		Reel of 250	SN74HC163DT	
	SOP – NS	Reel of 2000	SN74HC163NSR	HC163
	SSOP – DB	Reel of 2000	SN74HC163DBR	HC163
		Tube of 90	SN74HC163PW	
	TSSOP – PW	Reel of 2000	SN74HC163PWR	HC163
		Reel of 250	SN74HC163PWT	
	CDIP – J	Tube of 25	SNJ54HC163J	SNJ54HC163J
–55°C to 125°C	CFP – W	Tube of 150	SNJ54HC163W	SNJ54HC163W
l	LCCC – FK	Tube of 55	SNJ54HC163FK	SNJ54HC163FK

#### **ORDERING INFORMATION**

<sup>†</sup> Package drawings, standard packing quantities, thermal data, symbolization, and PCB design guidelines are available at www.ti.com/sc/package.



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PRODUCTION DATA information is current as of publication date. Products conform to specifications per the terms of Texas Instruments standard warranty. Production processing does not necessarily include testing of all parameters.



Copyright © 2003, Texas Instruments Incorporated On products compliant to MIL-PRF-38535, all parameters are tested unless otherwise noted. On all other products, production processing does not necessarily include testing of all parameters.

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### description/ordering information (continued)

These counters are fully programmable; that is, they can be preset to any number between 0 and 9 or 15. As presetting is synchronous, setting up a low level at the load input disables the counter and causes the outputs to agree with the setup data after the next clock pulse, regardless of the levels of the enable inputs.

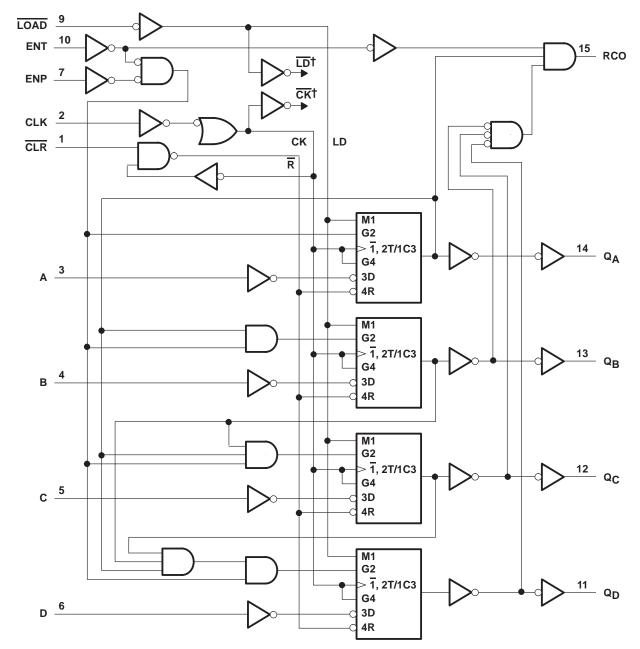
The clear function for the 'HC163 devices is synchronous. A low level at the clear ( $\overline{\text{CLR}}$ ) input sets all four of the flip-flop outputs low after the next low-to-high transition of CLK, regardless of the levels of the enable inputs. This synchronous clear allows the count length to be modified easily by decoding the Q outputs for the maximum count desired. The active-low output of the gate used for decoding is connected to  $\overline{\text{CLR}}$  to synchronously clear the counter to 0000 (LLLL).

The carry look-ahead circuitry provides for cascading counters for n-bit synchronous applications without additional gating. ENP, ENT, and a ripple-carry output (RCO) are instrumental in accomplishing this function. Both ENP and ENT must be high to count, and ENT is fed forward to enable RCO. Enabling RCO produces a high-level pulse while the count is maximum (9 or 15 with  $Q_A$  high). This high-level overflow ripple-carry pulse can be used to enable successive cascaded stages. Transitions at ENP or ENT are allowed, regardless of the level of CLK.

These counters feature a fully independent clock circuit. Changes at control inputs (ENP, ENT, or  $\overline{\text{LOAD}}$ ) that modify the operating mode have no effect on the contents of the counter until clocking occurs. The function of the counter (whether enabled, disabled, loading, or counting) is dictated solely by the conditions meeting the stable setup and hold times.



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logic diagram (positive logic)

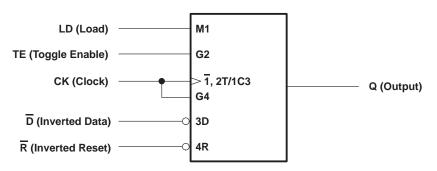
<sup>†</sup> For simplicity, routing of complementary signals LD and CK is not shown on this overall logic diagram. The uses of these signals are shown on the logic diagram of the D/T flip-flops.

Pin numbers shown are for the D, DB, J, N, NS, PW, and W packages.

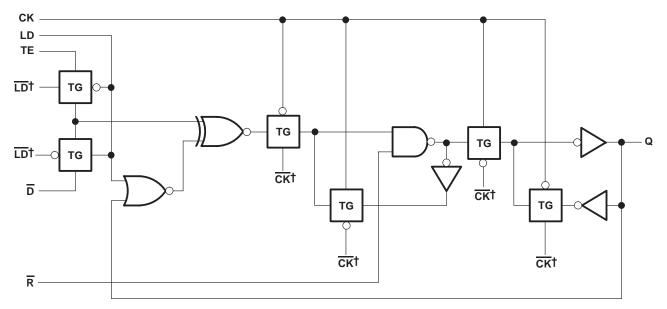


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logic symbol, each D/T flip-flop



### logic diagram, each D/T flip-flop (positive logic)



<sup>†</sup> The origins of  $\overline{\text{LD}}$  and  $\overline{\text{CK}}$  are shown in the logic diagram of the overall device.

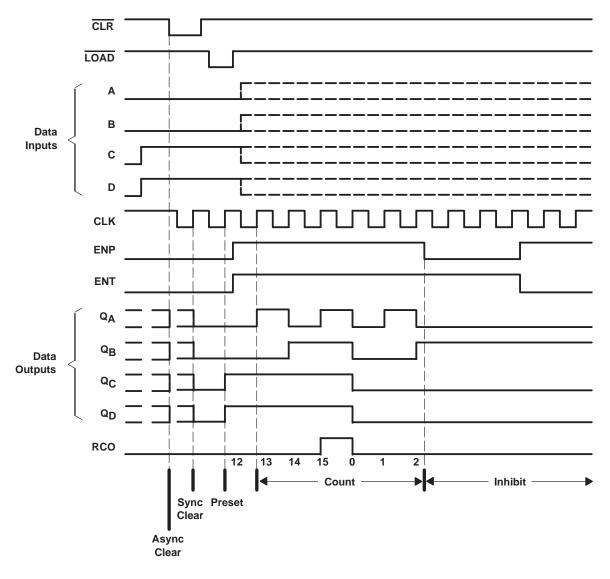


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#### typical clear, preset, count, and inhibit sequence

The following sequence is illustrated below:

- 1. Clear outputs to zero (synchronous)
- 2. Preset to binary 12
- 3. Count to 13, 14, 15, 0, 1, and 2
- 4. Inhibit





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#### absolute maximum ratings over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)<sup>†</sup>

Supply voltage range, $V_{CC}$ Input clamp current, $I_{IK}$ ( $V_I < 0$ or $V_I > V_{CC}$ ) (se Output clamp current, $I_{OK}$ ( $V_O < 0$ or $V_O > V_{CC}$ Continuous output current, $I_O$ ( $V_O = 0$ to $V_{CC}$ ) Continuous current through $V_{CC}$ or GND Package thermal impedance, $\theta_{JA}$ (see Note 2):	ee Note 1) C) (see Note 1) D package DB package N package NS package PW package	±20 mA ±20 mA ±25 mA 73°C/W 82°C/W 67°C/W 64°C/W 108°C/W
Storage temperature range, T <sub>stg</sub>		

<sup>†</sup> Stresses beyond those listed under "absolute maximum ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

NOTES: 1. The input and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output current ratings are observed.

2. The package thermal impedance is calculated in accordance with JESD 51-7.

#### recommended operating conditions (see Note 3)

			SN	154HC16	63	SN	63		
			MIN	NOM	MAX	MIN	NOM	MAX	UNIT
VCC	Supply voltage		2	5	6	2	5	6	V
		$V_{CC} = 2 V$	1.5			1.5			
VIH	High-level input voltage	$V_{CC} = 4.5 V$	3.15			3.15			V
		$V_{CC} = 6 V$	4.2			4.2			
		$V_{CC} = 2 V$			0.5			0.5	
VIL	Low-level input voltage	$V_{CC} = 4.5 V$			1.35			1.35	V
		$V_{CC} = 6 V$			1.8			1.8	
VI	Input voltage		0		VCC	0		VCC	V
VO	Output voltage		0		VCC	0		VCC	V
		$V_{CC} = 2 V$			1000			1000	
$\Delta t / \Delta v^{\ddagger}$	Input transition rise/fall time	$V_{CC} = 4.5 V$			500			500	ns
		$V_{CC} = 6 V$			400			400	
Т <sub>А</sub>	Operating free-air temperature		-55		125	-40		85	°C

NOTE 3: All unused inputs of the device must be held at V<sub>CC</sub> or GND to ensure proper device operation. Refer to the TI application report, Implications of Slow or Floating CMOS Inputs, literature number SCBA004.

If this device is used in the threshold region (from V<sub>IL</sub>max = 0.5 V to V<sub>IH</sub>min = 1.5 V), there is a potential to go into the wrong state from induced grounding, causing double clocking. Operating with the inputs at t<sub>t</sub> = 1000 ns and V<sub>CC</sub> = 2 V does not damage the device; however, functionally, the CLK inputs are not ensured while in the shift, count, or toggle operating modes.



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electrical characteristics over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

				Т	A = 25°C	;	SN54H	IC163	SN74H	LINUT	
PARAMETER	TEST CO	NDITIONS	Vcc	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	UNIT
			2 V	1.9	1.998		1.9		1.9		
		I <sub>OH</sub> = -20 μA	4.5 V	4.4	4.499		4.4		4.4		
VOH	VI = VIH or VIL		6 V	5.9	5.999		5.9		5.9		V
		$I_{OH} = -4 \text{ mA}$	4.5 V	3.98	4.3		3.7		3.84		
		I <sub>OH</sub> = -5.2 mA	6 V	5.48	5.8		5.2		5.34		
			2 V		0.002	0.1		0.1		0.1	
		I <sub>OL</sub> = 20 μA	4.5 V		0.001	0.1		0.1		0.1	
VOL	VI = VIH or VIL		6 V		0.001	0.1		0.1		0.1	V
		$I_{OL} = 4 \text{ mA}$	4.5 V		0.17	0.26		0.4		0.33	
		I <sub>OL</sub> = 5.2 mA	6 V		0.15	0.26		0.4		0.33	
lı	$V_I = V_{CC} \text{ or } 0$		6 V		±0.1	±100		±1000		±1000	nA
ICC	$V_I = V_{CC} \text{ or } 0,$	IO = 0	6 V			8		160		80	μΑ
Ci			2 V to 6 V		3	10		10		10	pF

# timing requirements over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

				T <sub>A</sub> =	25°C	SN54F	IC163	SN74H	IC163	
			Vcc	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	UNIT
			2 V		6		4.2		5	
fclock	Clock frequency		4.5 V		31		21		25	MHz
			6 V		36		25		29	
			2 V	80		120		100		
tw	Pulse duration	CLK high or low	4.5 V	16		24		20		ns
			6 V	14		20		17		
			2 V	150		225		190		
1		A, B, C, or D	4.5 V	30		45		38		
			6 V	26		38		32		
			2 V	135		205		170		
	LOAD low	4.5 V	27		41		34			
			6 V	23		35		29		
			2 V	170		255		215		
t <sub>su</sub>	Setup time before CLK <sup>↑</sup>	ENP, ENT	4.5 V	34		51		43		ns
			6 V	29		43		37		
			2 V	160		240		200		
		CLR low	4.5 V	32		48		40		
			6 V	27		41		34		
			2 V	160		240		200		
		<b>CLR</b> inactive	4.5 V	32		48		40		
			6 V	27		41		34		
		÷	2 V	0		0		0		
<sup>t</sup> h	Hold time, all synchronous inpu	ts after CLK↑	4.5 V	0		0		0		ns
			6 V	0		0		0		



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# switching characteristics over recommended operating free-air temperature range, $C_L = 50 \text{ pF}$ (unless otherwise noted) (see Figure 1)

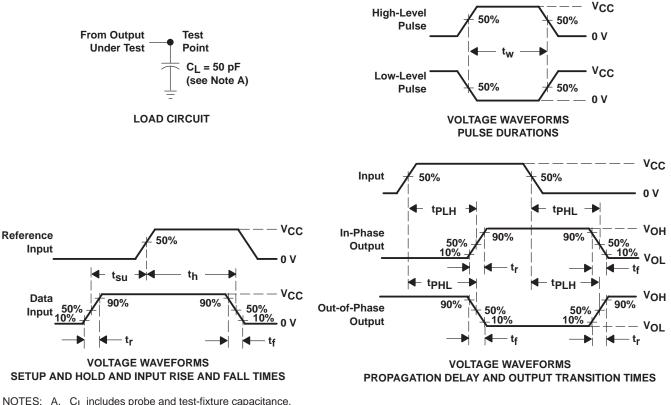
	FROM	то		T,	<b>₄ = 25°C</b>	;	SN54H	IC163	SN74H	C163	
PARAMETER	(INPUT)	(OUTPUT)	VCC	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	UNIT
			2 V	6	14		4.2		5		
fmax			4.5 V	31	40		21		25		MHz
			6 V	36	44		25		29		
			2 V		83	215		325		270	
		RCO	4.5 V		24	43		65		54	
	01.14		6 V		20	37		55		46	
	CLK -		2 V		80	205		310		255	
<sup>t</sup> pd		Any Q	4.5 V		25	41		62		51	ns
			6 V		21	35		53		43	
			2 V		62	195		295		245	
	ENT	RCO	4.5 V		17	39		59		49	
			6 V		14	33		50		42	
			2 V		38	75		110		95	
tt		Any	4.5 V		8	15		22		19	ns
			6 V		6	13		19		16	

## operating characteristics, $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	TYP	UNIT
Cpd	Power dissipation capacitance	No load	60	pF



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### PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION

NOTES: A. CI includes probe and test-fixture capacitance.

- B. Phase relationships between waveforms were chosen arbitrarily. All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics: PRR  $\leq$  1 MHz, Z<sub>O</sub> = 50  $\Omega$ , t<sub>f</sub> = 6 ns, t<sub>f</sub> = 6 ns.
- C. For clock inputs, fmax is measured when the input duty cycle is 50%.
- D. The outputs are measured one at a time with one input transition per measurement.
- E. tPLH and tPHL are the same as tpd.

#### Figure 1. Load Circuit and Voltage Waveforms



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### **APPLICATION INFORMATION**

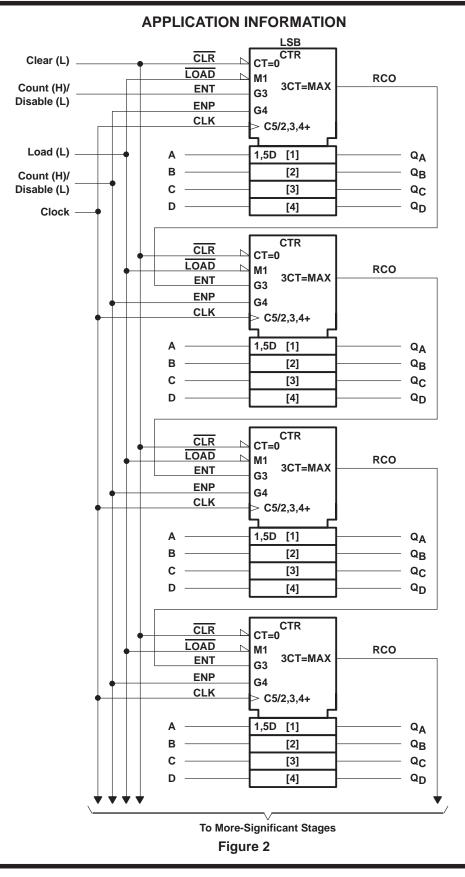
#### n-bit synchronous counters

This application demonstrates how the look-ahead carry circuit can be used to implement a high-speed n-bit counter. The 'HC163 devices count in binary. Virtually any count mode (modulo-N,  $N_1$ -to- $N_2$ ,  $N_1$ -to-maximum) can be used with this fast look-ahead circuit.

The application circuit shown in Figure 2 is not valid for clock frequencies above 18 MHz (at 25°C and 4.5-V  $V_{CC}$ ). The reason for this is that there is a glitch that is produced on the second stage's RCO and every succeeding stage's RCO. This glitch is common to all HC vendors that Texas Instruments has evaluated, in addition to the bipolar equivalents (LS, ALS, AS).



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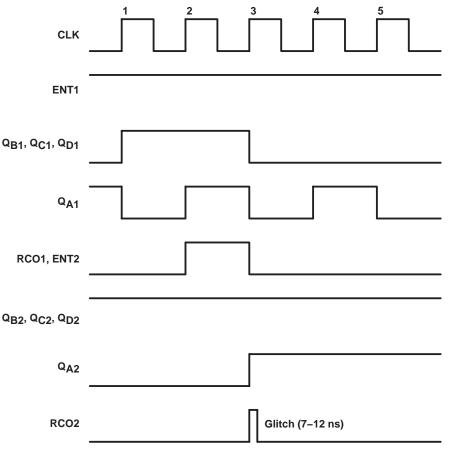


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### **APPLICATION INFORMATION**

#### n-bit synchronous counters (continued)

The glitch on RCO is caused because the propagation delay of the rising edge of  $Q_A$  of the second stage is shorter than the propagation delay of the falling edge of ENT. RCO is the product of ENT,  $Q_A$ ,  $Q_B$ ,  $Q_C$ , and  $Q_D$  (ENT ×  $Q_A × Q_B × Q_C × Q_D$ ). The resulting glitch is about 7–12 ns in duration. Figure 3 shows the condition in which the glitch occurs. For simplicity, only two stages are being considered, but the results can be applied to other stages.  $Q_B$ ,  $Q_C$ , and  $Q_D$  of the first and second stage are at logic one, and  $Q_A$  of both stages are at logic zero (1110 1110) after the first clock pulse. On the rising edge of the second clock pulse,  $Q_A$  and RCO of the first stage go high. On the rising edge of the third clock pulse,  $Q_A$  and RCO of the first stage return to a low level, and  $Q_A$  of the second stage goes to a high level. At this time, the glitch on RCO of the second stage appears because of the race condition inside the chip.





The glitch causes a problem in the next stage (stage three) if the glitch is still present when the next rising clock edge appears (clock pulse 4). To ensure that this does not happen, the clock frequency must be less than the inverse of the sum of the clock-to-RCO propagation delay and the glitch duration ( $t_g$ ). In other words,  $f_{max} = 1/(t_{pd} CLK-to-RCO + t_g)$ . For example, at 25°C at 4.5-V V<sub>CC</sub>, the clock-to-RCO propagation delay is 43 ns and the maximum duration of the glitch is 12 ns. Therefore, the maximum clock frequency that the cascaded counters can use is 18 MHz. The following tables contain the  $f_{clock}$ ,  $t_w$ , and  $f_{max}$  specifications for applications that use more than two 'HC163 devices cascaded together.



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#### **APPLICATION INFORMATION**

#### n-bit synchronous counters (continued)

# timing requirements over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

			T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C		SN54HC163		SN74HC163					
		vcc	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	UNIT			
		2 V		3.6		2.5		2.9				
fclock	Clock frequency	4.5 V		18		12		14	MHz			
		6 V		21		14		17				
	Pulse duration, CLK high or low				2 V	140		200		170		
tw		4.5 V	28		40		36		ns			
			24		36		30					

# switching characteristics over recommended operating free-air temperature range, $C_L = 50 \text{ pF}$ (unless otherwise noted) (see Note 4)

ſ	DADAMETER	FROM	то		T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C		SN54HC163		SN74HC163		
	PARAMETER	(INPUT)	(OUTPUT)	VCC	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	UNIT
ſ				2 V	3.6		2.5		2.9		
	fmax			4.5 V	18		12		14		MHz
				6 V	21		14		17		

NOTE 4: These limits apply only to applications that use more than two 'HC163 devices cascaded together.

If the 'HC163 devices are used as a single unit, or only two cascaded together, then the maximum clock frequency that the devices can use is not limited because of the glitch. In these situations, the devices can be operated at the maximum specifications.

A glitch can appear on RCO of a single 'HC163 device, depending on the relationship of ENT to CLK. Any application that uses RCO to drive any input, except an ENT of another cascaded 'HC163 device, must take this into consideration.





### **PACKAGING INFORMATION**

Orderable Device	Status (1)	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan (2)	Lead finish/ Ball material (6)	MSL Peak Temp (3)	Op Temp (°C)	Device Marking (4/5)	Samples
86076012A	ACTIVE	LCCC	FK	20	55	Non-RoHS & Green	SNPB	N / A for Pkg Type	-55 to 125	86076012A SNJ54HC 163FK	Samples
8607601EA	ACTIVE	CDIP	J	16	25	Non-RoHS & Green	SNPB	N / A for Pkg Type	-55 to 125	8607601EA SNJ54HC163J	Samples
JM38510/66304BEA	ACTIVE	CDIP	J	16	25	Non-RoHS & Green	SNPB	N / A for Pkg Type	-55 to 125	JM38510/ 66304BEA	Samples
M38510/66304BEA	ACTIVE	CDIP	J	16	25	Non-RoHS & Green	SNPB	N / A for Pkg Type	-55 to 125	JM38510/ 66304BEA	Samples
SN54HC163J	ACTIVE	CDIP	J	16	25	Non-RoHS & Green	SNPB	N / A for Pkg Type	-55 to 125	SN54HC163J	Samples
SN74HC163D	OBSOLETE	SOIC	D	16		TBD	Call TI	Call TI	-40 to 85	HC163	
SN74HC163DR	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	16	2500	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	HC163	Samples
SN74HC163DRE4	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	16	2500	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	HC163	Samples
SN74HC163DT	OBSOLETE	SOIC	D	16		TBD	Call TI	Call TI	-40 to 85	HC163	
SN74HC163N	ACTIVE	PDIP	N	16	25	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	N / A for Pkg Type	-40 to 85	SN74HC163N	Samples
SN74HC163NE4	ACTIVE	PDIP	Ν	16	25	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	N / A for Pkg Type	-40 to 85	SN74HC163N	Samples
SN74HC163NSR	ACTIVE	SOP	NS	16	2000	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	HC163	Samples
SN74HC163PW	OBSOLETE	TSSOP	PW	16		TBD	Call TI	Call TI	-40 to 85	HC163	
SN74HC163PWR	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	16	2000	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	HC163	Samples
SN74HC163PWT	OBSOLETE	TSSOP	PW	16		TBD	Call TI	Call TI	-40 to 85	HC163	
SNJ54HC163FK	ACTIVE	LCCC	FK	20	55	Non-RoHS & Green	SNPB	N / A for Pkg Type	-55 to 125	86076012A SNJ54HC 163FK	Samples
SNJ54HC163J	ACTIVE	CDIP	J	16	25	Non-RoHS & Green	SNPB	N / A for Pkg Type	-55 to 125	8607601EA SNJ54HC163J	Samples

<sup>(1)</sup> The marketing status values are defined as follows: **ACTIVE:** Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.



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# PACKAGE OPTION ADDENDUM

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design. PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available. OBSOLETE: TI has discontinued the production of the device.

<sup>(2)</sup> RoHS: TI defines "RoHS" to mean semiconductor products that are compliant with the current EU RoHS requirements for all 10 RoHS substances, including the requirement that RoHS substance do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, "RoHS" products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes. TI may reference these types of products as "Pb-Free".

RoHS Exempt: TI defines "RoHS Exempt" to mean products that contain lead but are compliant with EU RoHS pursuant to a specific EU RoHS exemption.

Green: TI defines "Green" to mean the content of Chlorine (CI) and Bromine (Br) based flame retardants meet JS709B low halogen requirements of <=1000ppm threshold. Antimony trioxide based flame retardants must also meet the <=1000ppm threshold requirement.

<sup>(3)</sup> MSL, Peak Temp. - The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

<sup>(4)</sup> There may be additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category on the device.

<sup>(5)</sup> Multiple Device Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Device Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Device Marking for that device.

<sup>(6)</sup> Lead finish/Ball material - Orderable Devices may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead finish/Ball material values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

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#### OTHER QUALIFIED VERSIONS OF SN54HC163, SN74HC163 :

• Catalog : SN74HC163

- Automotive : SN74HC163-Q1, SN74HC163-Q1
- Military : SN54HC163

NOTE: Qualified Version Definitions:



- Catalog TI's standard catalog product
- Automotive Q100 devices qualified for high-reliability automotive applications targeting zero defects
- Military QML certified for Military and Defense Applications



Texas

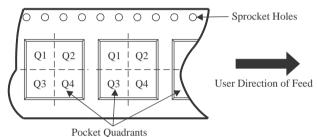
STRUMENTS

### TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION





#### QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE



*All dimensions are nominal												
Device	Package Type	Package Drawing		SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
SN74HC163DR	SOIC	D	16	2500	330.0	16.4	6.5	10.3	2.1	8.0	16.0	Q1
SN74HC163NSR	SOP	NS	16	2000	330.0	16.4	8.2	10.5	2.5	12.0	16.0	Q1
SN74HC163PWR	TSSOP	PW	16	2000	330.0	12.4	6.9	5.6	1.6	8.0	12.0	Q1



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# PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

7-Dec-2024



\*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
SN74HC163DR	SOIC	D	16	2500	353.0	353.0	32.0
SN74HC163NSR	SOP	NS	16	2000	356.0	356.0	35.0
SN74HC163PWR	TSSOP	PW	16	2000	356.0	356.0	35.0

### TEXAS INSTRUMENTS

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### TUBE



### - B - Alignment groove width

#### \*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Name	Package Type	Pins	SPQ	L (mm)	W (mm)	Τ (μm)	B (mm)
86076012A	FK	LCCC	20	55	506.98	12.06	2030	NA
SN74HC163N	N	PDIP	16	25	506	13.97	11230	4.32
SN74HC163N	N	PDIP	16	25	506	13.97	11230	4.32
SN74HC163NE4	N	PDIP	16	25	506	13.97	11230	4.32
SN74HC163NE4	N	PDIP	16	25	506	13.97	11230	4.32
SNJ54HC163FK	FK	LCCC	20	55	506.98	12.06	2030	NA

D (R-PDSO-G16)

PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE



NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).

- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- Body length does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not exceed 0.006 (0,15) each side.
- Body width does not include interlead flash. Interlead flash shall not exceed 0.017 (0,43) each side.
- E. Reference JEDEC MS-012 variation AC.



# **PW0016A**



# **PACKAGE OUTLINE**

# TSSOP - 1.2 mm max height

SMALL OUTLINE PACKAGE



NOTES:

- 1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M. 2. This drawing is subject to change without notice. 3. This dimension does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not
- exceed 0.15 mm per side.
- 4. This dimension does not include interlead flash. Interlead flash shall not exceed 0.25 mm per side.
- 5. Reference JEDEC registration MO-153.



# PW0016A

# **EXAMPLE BOARD LAYOUT**

# TSSOP - 1.2 mm max height

SMALL OUTLINE PACKAGE



NOTES: (continued)

6. Publication IPC-7351 may have alternate designs.

7. Solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads can vary based on board fabrication site.



# PW0016A

# **EXAMPLE STENCIL DESIGN**

# TSSOP - 1.2 mm max height

SMALL OUTLINE PACKAGE



NOTES: (continued)

9. Board assembly site may have different recommendations for stencil design.



<sup>8.</sup> Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.

### MECHANICAL DATA

#### PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE PACKAGE

#### 0,51 0,35 ⊕0,25⊛ 1,27 8 14 0,15 NOM 5,60 8,20 5,00 7,40 $\bigcirc$ Gage Plane ₽ 0,25 7 1 1,05 0,55 0-10 Δ 0,15 0,05 Seating Plane — 2,00 MAX 0,10PINS \*\* 14 16 20 24 DIM 10,50 10,50 12,90 15,30 A MAX A MIN 9,90 9,90 12,30 14,70 4040062/C 03/03

NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.

NS (R-PDSO-G\*\*)

**14-PINS SHOWN** 

- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion, not to exceed 0,15.



# FK 20

### 8.89 x 8.89, 1.27 mm pitch

# **GENERIC PACKAGE VIEW**

## LCCC - 2.03 mm max height

LEADLESS CERAMIC CHIP CARRIER

This image is a representation of the package family, actual package may vary. Refer to the product data sheet for package details.





J (R-GDIP-T\*\*) 14 LEADS SHOWN

CERAMIC DUAL IN-LINE PACKAGE



NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).

- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. This package is hermetically sealed with a ceramic lid using glass frit.
- D. Index point is provided on cap for terminal identification only on press ceramic glass frit seal only.
- E. Falls within MIL STD 1835 GDIP1-T14, GDIP1-T16, GDIP1-T18 and GDIP1-T20.

# N (R-PDIP-T\*\*)

PLASTIC DUAL-IN-LINE PACKAGE

16 PINS SHOWN



NOTES:

- A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- Falls within JEDEC MS-001, except 18 and 20 pin minimum body length (Dim A).
- $\triangle$  The 20 pin end lead shoulder width is a vendor option, either half or full width.



# **NS0016A**



# **PACKAGE OUTLINE**

SOP - 2.00 mm max height

SOP



#### NOTES:

- 1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing
- Per ASME Y14.5M.
  This drawing is subject to change without notice.
  This dimension does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not exceed 0.15 mm, per side.
- 4. This dimension does not include interlead flash. Interlead flash shall not exceed 0.25 mm, per side.



# NS0016A

# **EXAMPLE BOARD LAYOUT**

### SOP - 2.00 mm max height

SOP



NOTES: (continued)

5. Publication IPC-7351 may have alternate designs.

6. Solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads can vary based on board fabrication site.



# NS0016A

# **EXAMPLE STENCIL DESIGN**

## SOP - 2.00 mm max height

SOP



NOTES: (continued)

7. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.

8. Board assembly site may have different recommendations for stencil design.



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