



**ALPHA & OMEGA**  
SEMICONDUCTOR

**AO4882**

**40V Dual N-Channel MOSFET**

### General Description

The AO4882 uses advanced trench technology to provide excellent  $R_{DS(ON)}$  with low gate charge. This is an all purpose device that is suitable for use in a wide range of power conversion applications.

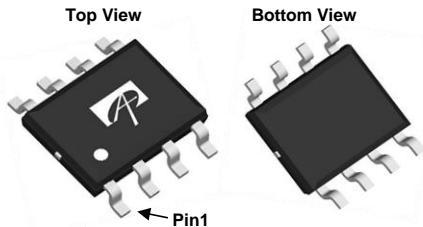
### Product Summary

$V_{DS}$	40V
$I_D$ (at $V_{GS}=10V$ )	8A
$R_{DS(ON)}$ (at $V_{GS}=10V$ )	< 19mΩ
$R_{DS(ON)}$ (at $V_{GS}=4.5V$ )	< 27mΩ

100% UIS Tested  
100%  $R_g$  Tested

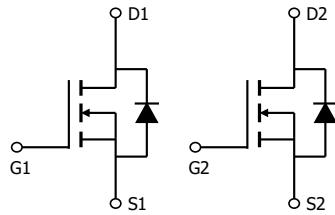


SOIC-8



Top View

S2	1	8	D2
G2	2	7	D2
S1	3	6	D1
G1	4	5	D1



### Absolute Maximum Ratings $T_A=25^\circ C$ unless otherwise noted

Parameter	Symbol	Maximum	Units
Drain-Source Voltage	$V_{DS}$	40	V
Gate-Source Voltage	$V_{GS}$	$\pm 20$	V
Continuous Drain Current	$I_D$	8	A
$T_A=70^\circ C$		6	
Pulsed Drain Current <sup>C</sup>	$I_{DM}$	40	
Avalanche Current <sup>C</sup>	$I_{AS}$	15	A
Avalanche energy L=0.1mH <sup>C</sup>	$E_{AS}$	11	mJ
Power Dissipation <sup>B</sup>	$P_D$	2	W
$T_A=70^\circ C$		1.3	
Junction and Storage Temperature Range	$T_J, T_{STG}$	-55 to 150	°C

### Thermal Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Typ	Max	Units
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient <sup>A</sup>	$R_{\theta JA}$	48	62.5	°C/W
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient <sup>A,D</sup>		74	90	°C/W
Maximum Junction-to-Lead	$R_{\theta JL}$	32	40	°C/W

**Electrical Characteristics ( $T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise noted)**

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
<b>STATIC PARAMETERS</b>						
$BV_{DSS}$	Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	$I_D=250\mu\text{A}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}$	40			V
$I_{DSS}$	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	$V_{DS}=40\text{V}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}$ $T_J=55^\circ\text{C}$			1 5	$\mu\text{A}$
$I_{GSS}$	Gate-Body leakage current	$V_{DS}=0\text{V}, V_{GS}=\pm 20\text{V}$			$\pm 100$	nA
$V_{GS(\text{th})}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	$V_{DS}=V_{GS}, I_D=250\mu\text{A}$	1.4	1.9	2.4	V
$I_{D(\text{ON})}$	On state drain current	$V_{GS}=10\text{V}, V_{DS}=5\text{V}$	40			A
$R_{DS(\text{ON})}$	Static Drain-Source On-Resistance	$V_{GS}=10\text{V}, I_D=8\text{A}$ $T_J=125^\circ\text{C}$	15.4	19		$\text{m}\Omega$
		$V_{GS}=4.5\text{V}, I_D=4\text{A}$	22.5	29	21	
$g_{FS}$	Forward Transconductance	$V_{DS}=5\text{V}, I_D=8\text{A}$		33		S
$V_{SD}$	Diode Forward Voltage	$I_S=1\text{A}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}$		0.75	1	V
$I_S$	Maximum Body-Diode Continuous Current				2.5	A
<b>DYNAMIC PARAMETERS</b>						
$C_{iss}$	Input Capacitance	$V_{GS}=0\text{V}, V_{DS}=20\text{V}, f=1\text{MHz}$		415		pF
$C_{oss}$	Output Capacitance			112		pF
$C_{rss}$	Reverse Transfer Capacitance			11		pF
$R_g$	Gate resistance	$V_{GS}=0\text{V}, V_{DS}=0\text{V}, f=1\text{MHz}$	1	2.2	3.5	$\Omega$
<b>SWITCHING PARAMETERS</b>						
$Q_g(10\text{V})$	Total Gate Charge	$V_{GS}=10\text{V}, V_{DS}=20\text{V}, I_D=8\text{A}$		6.5	12	nC
$Q_g(4.5\text{V})$	Total Gate Charge			3	6	nC
$Q_{gs}$	Gate Source Charge			1.2		nC
$Q_{gd}$	Gate Drain Charge			1.1		nC
$t_{D(\text{on})}$	Turn-On DelayTime	$V_{GS}=10\text{V}, V_{DS}=20\text{V}, R_L=2.5\Omega, R_{\text{GEN}}=3\Omega$		4		ns
$t_r$	Turn-On Rise Time			3		ns
$t_{D(\text{off})}$	Turn-Off DelayTime			15		ns
$t_f$	Turn-Off Fall Time			2		ns
$t_{rr}$	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Time	$I_F=8\text{A}, dI/dt=100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$		12.5		ns
$Q_{rr}$	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Charge	$I_F=8\text{A}, dI/dt=100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$		3.5		nC

A. The value of  $R_{\text{IJL}}$  is measured with the device mounted on 1in<sup>2</sup> FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with  $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$ . The value in any given application depends on the user's specific board design.

B. The power dissipation  $P_D$  is based on  $T_{J(\text{MAX})}=150^\circ\text{C}$ , using  $\leq 10\text{s}$  junction-to-ambient thermal resistance.

C. Repetitive rating, pulse width limited by junction temperature  $T_{J(\text{MAX})}=150^\circ\text{C}$ . Ratings are based on low frequency and duty cycles to keep initial  $T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$ .

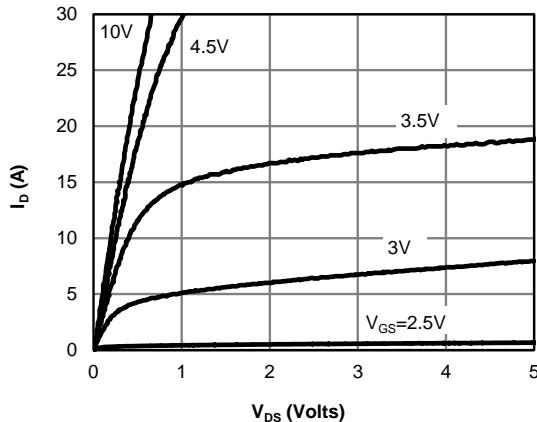
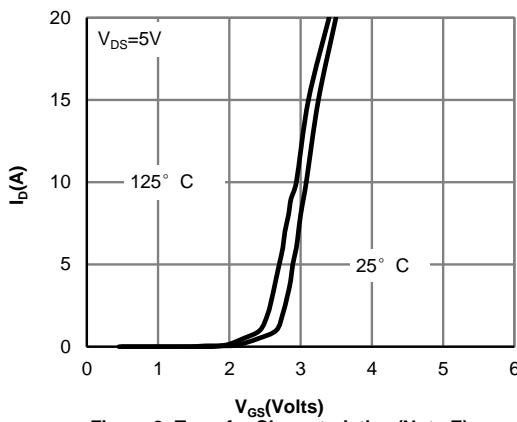
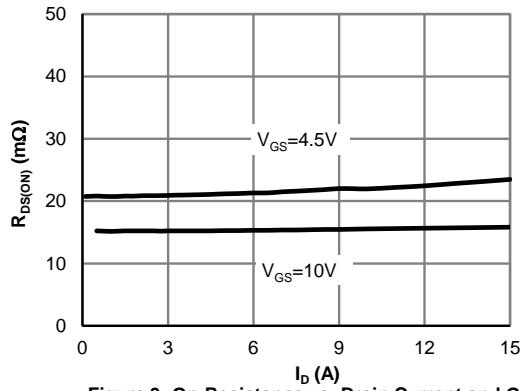
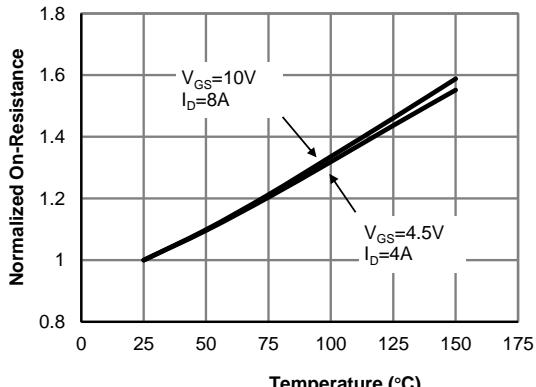
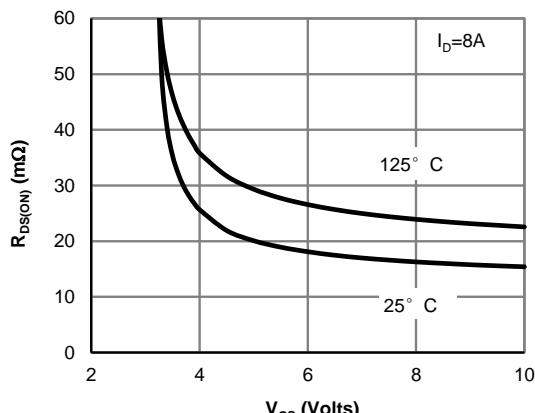
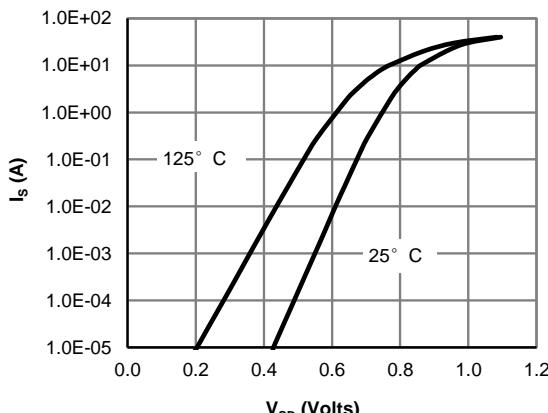
D. The  $R_{\text{IJL}}$  is the sum of the thermal impedance from junction to lead  $R_{\text{IJL}}$  and lead to ambient.

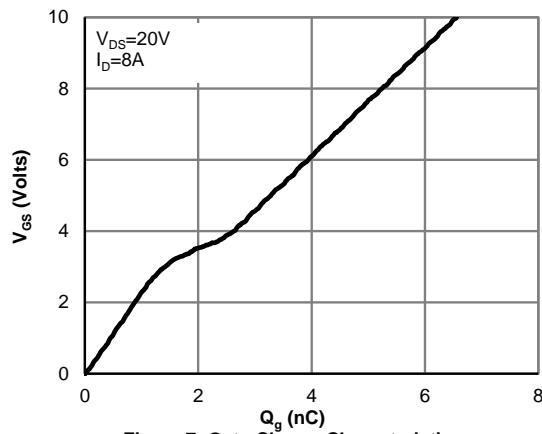
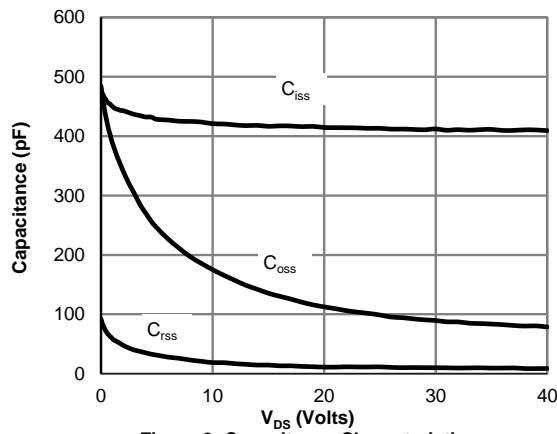
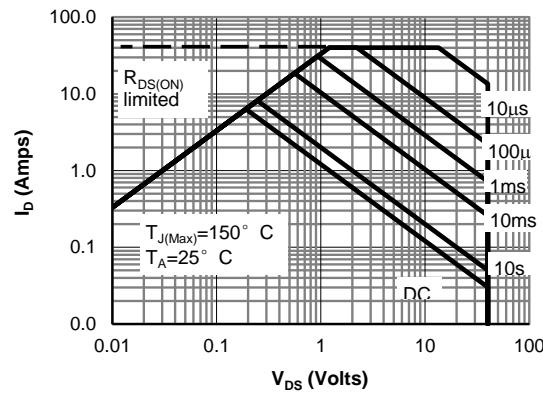
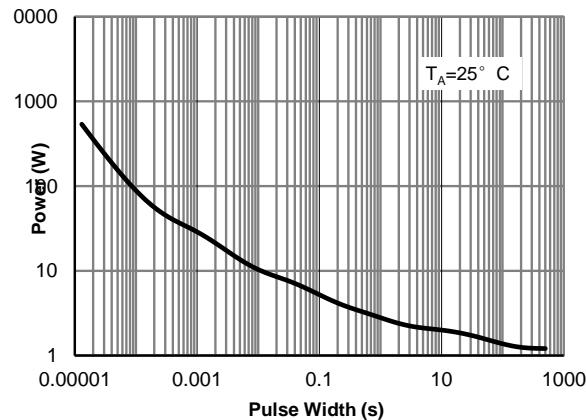
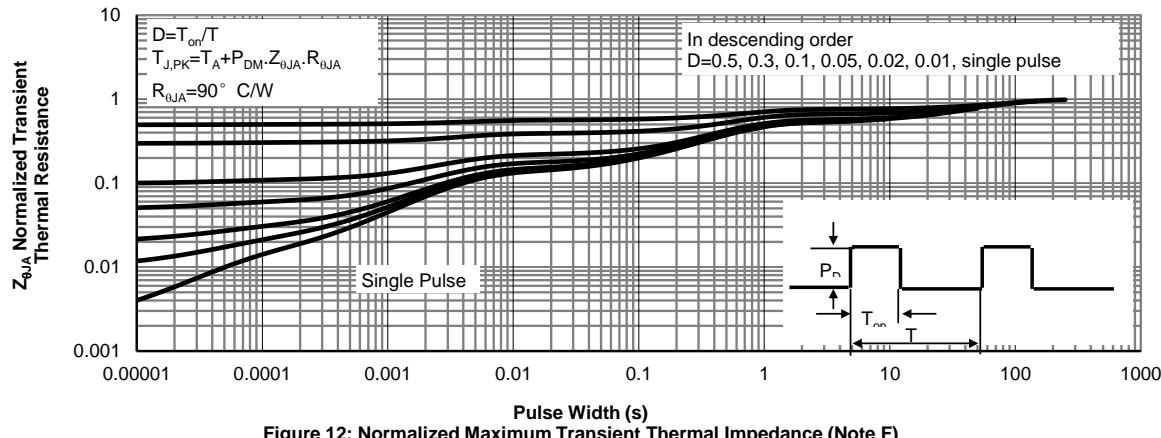
E. The static characteristics in Figures 1 to 6 are obtained using <300us pulses, duty cycle 0.5% max.

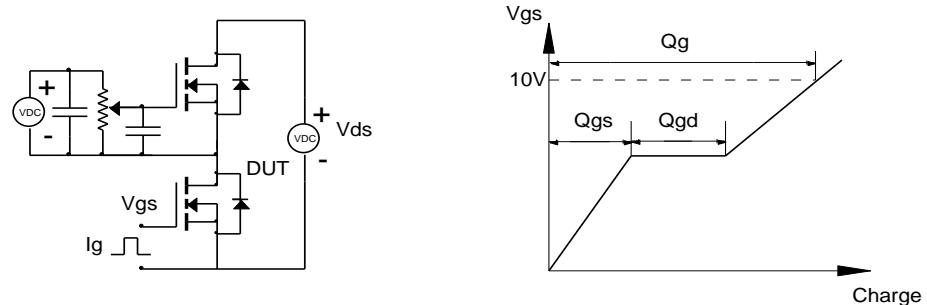
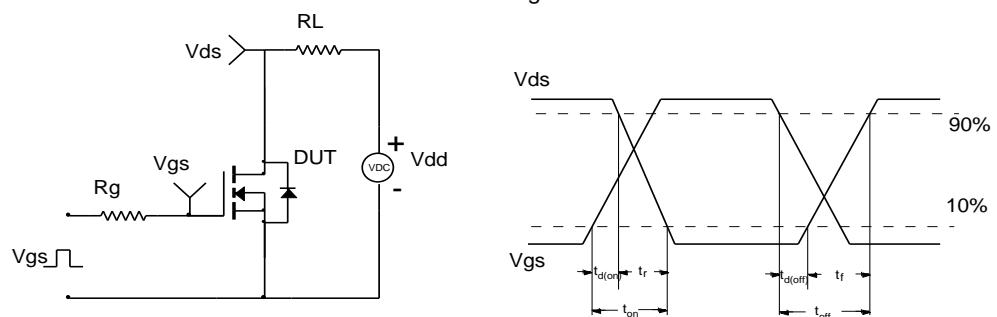
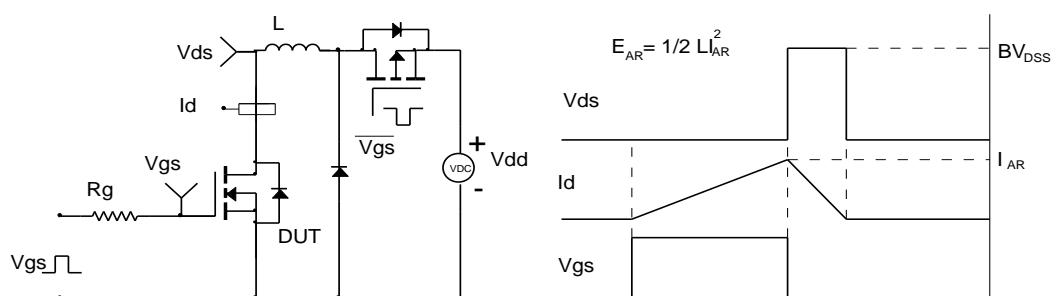
F. These curves are based on the junction-to-ambient thermal impedance which is measured with the device mounted on 1in<sup>2</sup> FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, assuming a maximum junction temperature of  $T_{J(\text{MAX})}=150^\circ\text{C}$ . The SOA curve provides a single pulse rating.

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**TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS**

**Fig 1: On-Region Characteristics (Note E)**

**Figure 2: Transfer Characteristics (Note E)**

**Figure 3: On-Resistance vs. Drain Current and Gate Voltage (Note E)**

**Figure 4: On-Resistance vs. Junction Temperature (Note E)**

**Figure 5: On-Resistance vs. Gate-Source Voltage (Note E)**

**Figure 6: Body-Diode Characteristics (Note E)**

**TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS**

**Figure 7: Gate-Charge Characteristics**

**Figure 8: Capacitance Characteristics**

**Figure 10: Maximum Forward Biased Safe Operating Area (Note F)**

**Figure 11: Single Pulse Power Rating Junction-to-Ambient (Note F)**

**Figure 12: Normalized Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance (Note F)**

**Gate Charge Test Circuit & Waveform**

**Resistive Switching Test Circuit & Waveforms**

**Unclamped Inductive Switching (UIS) Test Circuit & Waveforms**

**Diode Recovery Test Circuit & Waveforms**
